

CHERRY HILL TUITION OCR BIOLOGY AS PAPER 9 MARK SCHEME

1)

1	(a)	(i)	A = plasma / cell surface, membrane ; B = DNA / chromosome / chromatin / genetic material ;	2	DO NOT CREDIT membrane, cell membrane DO NOT CREDIT chromosomes (do not accept plural) CREDIT loop of / circle of, DNA DO NOT CREDIT plasmid, RNA ACCEPT nucleoid															
1	(a)	(ii)	production of ATP ; <u>aerobic</u> respiration ;	max 1	ACCEPT named stages of aerobic respiration e.g. Krebs cycle, oxidative phosphorylation, ETC, chemiosmosis, link reaction, substrate level phosphorylation DO NOT CREDIT glycolysis, ATP for respiration DO NOT CREDIT produce energy (in form of ATP) IGNORE provide / release energy unqualified															
1	(a)	(iii)	protein synthesis / translation ; photosynthesis / described ;	2	ACCEPT production / creation, of proteins / polypeptides, assembly of proteins from amino acids IGNORE autotrophic nutrition DO NOT CREDIT absorption of light unqualified															
1	(b)		large surface area to volume ratio ; small so demand for, O ₂ / CO ₂ , is low ; <i>idea of:</i> <u>diffusion</u> (alone) is adequate to meet needs ;	2	ACCEPT large SA:Vol or large SA/Vol ACCEPT small Vol:SA ratio or small Vol/SA DO NOT CREDIT large surface area alone IGNORE gases alone, nutrients ACCEPT <i>idea of</i> : body SA large enough to meet needs by <u>diffusion</u> ACCEPT <i>idea of</i> : <u>diffusion</u> distance short															
1	(c)		<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>cell / tissue</th> <th>function in the lungs</th> <th></th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td></td> <td>recoil OR return to original, size / shape OR to help expel air OR prevents alveoli bursting</td> <td>;</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>waft / wave / move / AW, mucus</td> <td>;</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>secrete / release / produce, mucus</td> <td>;</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>constrict the airway / AW</td> <td>;</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	cell / tissue	function in the lungs			recoil OR return to original, size / shape OR to help expel air OR prevents alveoli bursting	;		waft / wave / move / AW, mucus	;		secrete / release / produce, mucus	;		constrict the airway / AW	;	4	IGNORE stretch / expand ACCEPT ref to lungs, alveoli, airways recoiling etc DO NOT CREDIT ref trachea / bronchi recoiling ACCEPT transport / remove, mucus DO NOT CREDIT dirt particles without ref to mucus DO NOT CREDIT excrete mucus ACCEPT narrows lumen OR controls, airflow / diameter, of airways DO NOT CREDIT ref to alveoli OR greater airflow
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2)

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(a)	(i)	osmosis ;	1																			
	(ii)	2 = symplast (pathway) ; 3 = apoplast (pathway) ;	2	ACCEPT symplastic ACCEPT apoplastic																		
	(iii)	S ;	1																			
(b)	<p><i>This is a QWC question</i></p> <p>1 water moves into xylem down water potential gradient ;</p> <p>2 root pressure / high (hydrostatic) pressure at bottom of xylem ;</p> <p>3 water vapour loss / transpiration / evaporation, at leaves / top of plant ;</p> <p>4 (creating) low (hydrostatic) pressure at top of xylem ;</p> <p>5 water, under tension / pulled up (in a continuous column) ;</p> <p>6 cohesion between water molecules / described ;</p> <p>7 adhesion of water molecules to xylem / described ;</p> <p>8 capillary action / described ;</p> <p>9 water moves up (xylem / stem) by mass flow ;</p> <p>10 from high(er) (hydrostatic) pressure to low(er) (hydrostatic) pressure / down (hydrostatic) pressure gradient ;</p>		max 4	ACCEPT ψ for water potential ACCEPT water moves from high ψ to low ψ IGNORE drawn for pulled up ACCEPT ref to xylem being very narrow so water rises																		
	QWC (three terms used in correct context and spelt correctly) ;		1	Any three terms from the following : water potential, hydrostatic pressure, transpiration / evaporation, cohesion / cohesive, adhesion / adhesive, tension, root pressure, capillary action / capillarity, mass flow																		
(c)	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>xylem vessel</th> <th>phloem sieve tube element</th> <th></th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>present</td> <td>absent</td> <td>;</td> </tr> <tr> <td>present</td> <td>absent</td> <td>;</td> </tr> <tr> <td>(water and), minerals / ions / salts</td> <td>products of photosynthesis / sucrose / assimilates / amino acids / minerals / ions / salts / plant 'hormones'</td> <td>;</td> </tr> <tr> <td>(only) up stem / towards leaves</td> <td>both directions / up and down / from source to sink</td> <td>;</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>			xylem vessel	phloem sieve tube element					present	absent	;	present	absent	;	(water and), minerals / ions / salts	products of photosynthesis / sucrose / assimilates / amino acids / minerals / ions / salts / plant 'hormones'	;	(only) up stem / towards leaves	both directions / up and down / from source to sink	;	<p><i>One mark per row</i></p> <p><i>Both statements must be correct to achieve mark</i></p> <p>DO NOT CREDIT ticks and crosses</p> <p><i>Read whole list – if any suggestion is wrong then do not award mark</i></p> <p>XYLEM DO NOT CREDIT 'nutrients' OR 'water' alone</p> <p>PHLOEM ACCEPT 'sugar' in place of sucrose IGNORE unspecified 'solutes' DO NOT CREDIT glucose</p> <p>ACCEPT arrows \uparrow (xylem) \downarrow (phloem) DO NOT CREDIT 'all directions' IGNORE ref to pits / lateral movement</p>
xylem vessel	phloem sieve tube element																					
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3)

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(a)	a single value between 67 and 80 ; ;	max 2	two marks for correct answer If answer incorrect, allow one mark for appropriate working i.e. 60 divided by time from trace selected by candidate
(b)	heart rate, slower / lower / reduced / 60 – 63 beats per minute ; rest period / diastole longer ; ventricle takes longer to contract / ventricular systole longer ;	max 2	Mark first point on each numbered line ACCEPT length of one beat is longer DO NOT CREDIT 'slows heart's activity' ACCEPT T wave elongated / increases from 0.24s to 0.32s / increases by 0.1 s IGNORE name of chamber ACCEPT R wave slightly elongated / increases from 0.07s to 0.12s / increases by 0.05 s
(c)	SAN, is pacemaker / initiates heart beat ; (SAN sends) impulse / wave of excitation, over atria (walls) ; AVN delays impulse ; (AVN) sends impulse down, septum / bundle of His / Purkyne fibres ;	max 3	ACCEPT starts, wave of excitation / action potential / electrical impulse IGNORE 'sends out' (wave) IGNORE through / to, the atrium DO NOT CREDIT signal / message for impulse, allow ecf DO NOT CREDIT pulse IGNORE delays contraction ACCEPT Purkinje

4)

(a)	placing, living things / organisms / named organisms, into, groups / categories / taxa / named taxonomic groups ; based on / AW, similarity / difference ;	2	ACCEPT 'grouping living things' Look for the idea of similar organisms being placed in the same group or different organisms being placed in different groups
(b) (i)	1 morphology / anatomy / (observable / physical) features / appearance / AW ; 2 biochemistry / cytochrome C ; 3 genes / DNA / genetics / RNA ; 4 behaviour / physiology / embryology ; 5 idea of shared, evolutionary past / phylogeny ;	3 max	ACCEPT suitable examples for mps 1 to 4 1 CREDIT cell features e.g. nucleus / membrane-bound organelles / cell wall / prokaryotic-eukaryotic features / unicellular 2 CREDIT component of cell wall 3 IGNORE chromosomes 4 ACCEPT 'how they feed' / nutrition / 'how they reproduce' 5 ACCEPT 'how closely related' IGNORE refs to interbreeding / fertile offspring
(b) (ii)	T S R W U Q ; ; ;	3	Mark the order of letters (ignoring the dotted lines) All 6 in correct order = 3 marks If any incorrect, then credit T S in order at beginning = 1 mark U Q in order at end = 1 mark R before W anywhere in the sequence = 1 mark

(c)	1 <u>3</u> domains AND <u>5</u> kingdoms ; 2 domains are, bacteria / eubacteria, AND, archaea / archaeobacteria, AND, eukarya / eukaryotes ; 3 kingdoms are prokaryotes AND protoctists AND fungi AND plants AND animals ; 4 eukaryotes split into different kingdoms / all eukaryotes are in the same domain ; 5 all prokaryotes are in the same kingdom / prokaryotes split into different domains ; 6 domain classification based on, rRNA / ribosomes / RNA polymerase / protein synthesis / enzymes / flagella / membrane structure ;	4 max	ACCEPT phonetic spellings throughout ACCEPT alternative terms for names of kingdoms and domains throughout (e.g. plants / plantae) 2 ACCEPT 'eukaryota' 3 DO NOT CREDIT protists / protozoa 6 IGNORE RNA unqualified DO NOT CREDIT other forms of RNA ACCEPT any detail of protein synthesis
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5)

(a)	<p>young / elderly / HIV infected / malnourished / post-operative / on immunosuppressants / leukaemia / undergoing cancer treatment / anorexics ;</p> <p>immature / compromised / weak / AW, immune system ;</p>	2	<p>IGNORE prompt lines and mark the answer as a whole</p> <p>ACCEPT AW for young / elderly etc IGNORE 'ill' or 'unfit' IGNORE any reference to populations e.g. those living in vicinity of outbreak</p> <p>ACCEPT description ACCEPT no immunity</p>
(b)	<p>(i)</p> <p>1 bacteria / (bacterial) cells, divide / increase in number / multiply / reproduce / proliferate / replicate ;</p> <p>2 (secrete) enzymes / named enzyme ;</p> <p>3 food, digested / broken down ;</p> <p>4a protein / named protein / polypeptides → peptides / amino acids OR</p> <p>4b fat / triglycerides → fatty acids OR</p> <p>4c starch / amylose / glycogen → glucose / sugar ;</p> <p>5 production / release / excretion / secretion, of, toxins / named toxin / waste products ;</p> <p>6 (causes) change in, appearance / smell / texture / taste ;</p>	3 max	<p>DO NOT CREDIT 'mould' – penalise once only</p> <p>1 IGNORE 'growth' DO NOT CREDIT 'mitosis'</p> <p>2 DO NOT CREDIT excrete Answer should not imply intracellular enzymes</p> <p>4b IGNORE cholesterol</p> <p>4c ACCEPT other correct carbohydrate breakdown</p> <p>6 CREDIT suitable example e.g. 'goes mushy'</p>
(b)	<p>(ii)</p> <p>1 bacteria, reproduce / AW, more rapidly / faster ;</p> <p>2 (so) more bacteria present ;</p> <p>3 more, toxins / waste, produced / released / AW ;</p> <p>4 more enzymes, secreted / AW ;</p> <p>5 enzyme, action faster / works better / more effective, at higher temperatures ;</p> <p>6 (substrate and enzymes have) more kinetic energy ;</p> <p>7 more, enzyme-substrate complexes / ESC / (successful) collisions <u>between substrate and active site</u> ;</p>	3 max	<p>Idea of 'more' is needed for all marking points but it can be stated once and linked to more than one point.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> e.g. 'more bacteria secreting enzymes' = mp 2 and 4 <p>ACCEPT converse argument throughout</p> <p>ACCEPT 'fungi' / 'mould' in place of bacteria as question stem does not specify</p> <p>1 IGNORE 'grow' IGNORE 'more easily' or 'effectively' DO NOT CREDIT if the candidate thinks there is no reproduction at 5°C</p> <p>4 DO NOT CREDIT excreted</p> <p>5 IGNORE optimum</p>

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(b)	(iii)	<p>max 2 for 2 distinct methods max 2 for 2 correctly linked explanations Only credit the explanation mark if the method mark has been awarded.</p> <p>M1 salting ; E1 lack of <u>water</u> due to, osmosis / low water potential (outside cell) ;</p> <p>M2 sugar ; E2 lack of <u>water</u> due to, osmosis / low water potential (outside cell) ;</p> <p>M3 (air / freeze) drying ; E3 idea that enzymes cannot mobilise / intracellular transport impaired / reactions have no medium in which to occur / (microbes) cannot move ;</p> <p>M4 pickling / (use of) vinegar ; E4 (low pH) denatures / changes tertiary structure of / changes 3D shape of, enzymes / proteins OR substrate no longer fits active site / active site shape changes / prevents ESC ;</p> <p>M5 heat treatment / cooking ; E5 denatures / changes tertiary structure of / changes 3D shape of, enzymes / proteins OR substrate no longer fits active site / active site shape changes / prevents ESC ;</p> <p>M6 irradiation / UV / gamma rays / X-rays / <u>ionising</u> radiation ; E6 destroys / damages / changes / mutates, DNA / genes / genetic material ;</p> <p>M7 smoking ; E7 (so exposed to) antibacterial / named antibacterial, chemical(s) ;</p> <p>M8 vacuum packing / canning / bottling ; E8 microorganisms cannot respire <u>aerobically</u> ;</p>	<p>Where more than one method is given, mark first on line and assume explanation linked with that DO NOT CREDIT chilling or freezing (as in question)</p> <p>M1 IGNORE drying E1 ALLOW low ψ / high solute potential</p> <p>M2 IGNORE drying E2 ALLOW low ψ / high solute potential</p> <p>E4 DO NOT CREDIT high pH</p> <p>M5 ACCEPT pasteurising IGNORE canning for this mp</p> <p>E5, E 6 & E7 ACCEPT 'kills bacteria' or 'kills microbes' as a reason supporting heat treatment, irradiation or smoking only once</p> <p>M6 CREDIT radiation if correctly qualified in explanation</p> <p>M7 CREDIT addition of, sulphites / sodium benzoate / alcohol</p> <p>E8 IGNORE 'denaturing' as a consequence of canning / bottling</p>
		4	

(c)	<p>This is a QWC question</p> <p>Ignore sections and mark as continuous prose</p> <p>1 low(er) / less, <u>energy</u> (than beef) ; 2 useful for, slimming / weight control / AW ;</p> <p>3 low(er) / less, (total) fat ; 4 (very) low / (much) less, saturated fat ; 5 lower, cholesterol OR lower risk of, (coronary) heart disease / CHD / cardio-vascular diseases / heart attack / cardiac arrest / myocardial infarction / MI / angina / <u>atherosclerosis</u> / atheroma / stroke / hypertension ;</p> <p>6 contains carbohydrate / AW ;</p> <p>7 low(er) / less, iron content ; 8 (increased risk of) anaemia / fewer RBCs / less haemoglobin / reduced oxygen carrying capacity of blood ;</p> <p>9 low(er) / less, protein ;</p> <p>10 (mycoprotein provides) more <u>balanced</u> diet ; 11 need larger intake to meet requirements / AW ;</p>	<p>Assume candidate is talking about mycoprotein unless otherwise stated. CREDIT ora for beef throughout. IGNORE use of figures alone when awarding mps 1, 3, 6, 7, 9 – look for <u>descriptive statement</u>, e.g. • '12 g of protein' = no mark • 'only 12 g protein' = 1 mark (mp 9)</p> <p>2 ACCEPT preventing obesity ACCEPT 'less energy to burn off <i>during exercise</i>' DO NOT CREDIT 'burn off' unqualified</p> <p>6 ACCEPT 'more carbohydrate than beef' IGNORE 'carbs'</p> <p>8 IGNORE answers phrased in terms of role of iron alone e.g. 'haemoglobin contains iron' = 0 Answers must show consequence of deficiency e.g. 'less haemoglobin' = 1</p>	
		7 max	
			<p>Award for 2 sets of comparative figures (stated or calculated) with units – 'content per 100g' not needed IGNORE vague terms like 'about' as long as figs are correct</p>
		1	

6)

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(a)	(i)	<p>mucus traps, bacteria / microbes / pathogens / microorganisms / viruses / spores ;</p> <p>cilia, sweep / move / waft, mucus / bacteria / pathogens / microorganisms / viruses / spore, upwards / AW ;</p>	2	<p>For both marking points ACCEPT ora for what would happen if they didn't work</p> <p>IGNORE ref to dirt / dust / etc</p> <p>ACCEPT answers that imply out of airways e.g. to the throat / coughed / swallowed</p>
(a)	(ii)	<p>stage A</p> <p>1 phagocyte, attaches / binds / AW, to bacterium / pathogen ;</p> <p>2 <u>receptor</u> (on phagocyte), attaches to / binds to / recognises / AW, <u>antigen</u> (on bacterium) ;</p> <p>stage B</p> <p>3 bacterium, engulfed / enters by endocytosis / enters by phagocytosis / AW ;</p> <p>4 (formation of) <u>phagosome</u> / phagocytic vacuole ;</p> <p>stage C</p> <p>5 <u>lysosomes</u>, fuse with / join with / move towards (phagosome) ;</p> <p>6 release / secrete, enzymes / lysins / named enzyme / hydrogen peroxide / free radicals (into phagosome) ;</p> <p>stage C/D</p> <p>7 bacterium, digested / broken down / hydrolysed ;</p> <p>8 (to) amino acid / sugar / glucose / fatty acid / glycerol ;</p> <p>stage D</p> <p>9 absorbed / AW, into, <u>cytoplasm</u> / <u>cytosol</u> ;</p> <p>10 by, (facilitated / simple) diffusion / active transport ;</p>	6 max	<p>IGNORE stage letters and look for correct sequence DO NOT CREDIT steps that are biologically out of sequence, e.g. mp6 before mp5. Penalise once only. ACCEPT 'bacteria' throughout</p> <p>2 CREDIT PAMP / antibody marker / complement marker, as AW for antigen</p> <p>3 DO NOT CREDIT 'eaten' IGNORE pseudopodia or any other structure</p> <p>5 DO NOT CREDIT 'binds with'</p> <p>7 DO NOT CREDIT destroyed (as in the question)</p> <p>IGNORE refs to antigen presentation as this happens after the stage shown in the diagram</p>
(b)	(i)	plasma (cell) ;	1	<p>ACCEPT B lymphocyte ACCEPT effector <u>cell</u> DO NOT CREDIT lymphocyte unqualified</p>
(b)	(ii)	<p>This is a QWC question</p> <p>1 Y-shaped molecule / light and heavy chains / disulfide bonds / 4 polypeptide chains ;</p> <p>2 <u>constant</u> region ;</p> <p>3 marker for / binds to, phagocytes / AW ;</p> <p>4 <u>variable</u> region ;</p> <p>5 (antibody) <u>specificity</u> ;</p> <p>6 (has) <u>complementary shape</u> to antigen (on pathogen) ;</p> <p>7 <u>hinge</u> (region) ;</p> <p>8 allows flexibility ;</p> <p>9 more than one variable region :</p> <p>10 allows, agglutination / description of agglutination or attachment to more than one, pathogen / antigen ;</p> <p>11 neutralisation / blocking pathogen's binding sites ;</p> <p>QWC – award when 2 marks are given in any two of the grouped sections ;</p>	6 max	<p>CREDIT a correctly labelled diagram that is clearly an antibody CON if diagram and text are contradictory MPs 3, 5, 6, 8, 10 are stand alone but DO NOT CREDIT if context is clearly incorrect. e.g. 'constant region gives specificity' AWARD mp 2 but not mp 5</p> <p>3 ACCEPT ref to opsonisation</p> <p>'Complimentary shape to specific antigen' = 2 marks (mps 5 & 6)</p> <p>8 IGNORE 'movement' unqualified</p> <p>9 DO NOT CREDIT from diagram unless more than one is explicitly labelled or clearly keyed (e.g. by shading)</p> <p>11 ACCEPT ref. to antitoxin</p> <p>2 marks had been awarded from 2 of the following groups of marks (4 marks in total) mps 2 & 3 mps 4 & 5/6 mps 7 & 8 mps 9 & 10</p>
(b)	(iii)	<p>type of immunity</p> <p><u>artificial active</u> <input type="checkbox"/></p> <p><u>artificial passive</u> <input type="checkbox"/></p> <p><u>natural active</u> <input type="checkbox"/></p> <p><u>natural passive</u> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ;</p>	1	<p>DO NOT CREDIT if more than 1 box is ticked DO NOT CREDIT a cross DO NOT CREDIT a tick that has been crossed out and is a 'hybrid' tick</p>

7)

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(a)	<p>1 biodiversity (of heathland) ; 2 rare / endangered, species / plants / animals / fungi / organisms / named organism ; 3 rarity of (this) <u>habitat</u> ; 4 example of current <i>legal</i> status ; 5 (likely) <u>reduction in size</u> of, habitat / ecosystem / heathland ; 6 effect of reduced size on <u>viability</u> (of whole ecosystem) ; 7 effect on, movement / spread, of, species / named species / plants / animals ; 8 a method of minimizing impact / AW / named example ;</p>	3 max	<p>4 e.g. National Park / SSSI / protected species / National Nature Reserves / NNR / other <i>legal</i> example 5 IGNORE 'habitat destruction' alone. Must refer to extent or size of destruction. 7 CREDIT effect on wildlife corridors Answers could refer to limiting species spread or introduction of species 8 e.g. 'toad tunnels' / relocation of population 'build toad tunnels so that the toads can still move between the two areas of heathland' = 2 marks (mps 7 and 8)</p>																																				
(b)	<p>(i) 1 idea of (collect in) different / wider, area ; 2 (collect at) different, times of day / times of year / weather conditions ; 3 use of named, collecting / identifying, technique ; 4 method of ensuring that individuals <u>not counted again</u> ; 5 mark-release-recapture / capture-recapture, technique ;</p>	3 max	<p>1 ALLOW several transects e.g. another path 3 e.g. (sweep) net / photographs / feeding stations IGNORE pooter (as could only catch larvae) / light trap / use of key / single transect 4 This mark refers to an initial or the only sample – it is not linked to mp 5 5 CREDIT count marked individuals in 2nd sample / population = <u>no. in 1st sample x no. in 2nd sample</u> / no. retrapped in 2nd sample</p>																																				
(b)	<p>(ii)</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>species</th> <th>n</th> <th>n/N</th> <th>(n/N)²</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Grayling (<i>Hipparchia semele</i>)</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Large Heath (<i>Coenonympha tullia</i>)</td> <td></td> <td>0.3548</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Gatekeeper (<i>Pyronia tythonus</i>)</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Green Hairstreak (<i>Callophrys rubi</i>)</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Silver-studded Blue (<i>Plebeius argus</i>)</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Small Heath (<i>Coenonympha pamphylus</i>)</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td>Sum (Σ)</td> <td>0.31633 OR 0.31217</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td>1 - Σ</td> <td>D = 0.68367 OR 0.68783</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	species	n	n/N	(n/N) ²	Grayling (<i>Hipparchia semele</i>)				Large Heath (<i>Coenonympha tullia</i>)		0.3548		Gatekeeper (<i>Pyronia tythonus</i>)				Green Hairstreak (<i>Callophrys rubi</i>)				Silver-studded Blue (<i>Plebeius argus</i>)				Small Heath (<i>Coenonympha pamphylus</i>)						Sum (Σ)	0.31633 OR 0.31217			1 - Σ	D = 0.68367 OR 0.68783	3	<p>Original table on question paper had incorrect figure in (n/N)² column for Grayling row. Answers for mps 2 & 3 take this into account. ACCEPT ecf from incorrect answer for Σ (whether decimal places or rounding)</p>
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(b)	<p>(iii) 1 many species present / high species richness / all species evenly represented / high species evenness / high biodiversity ; 2 (so) should not be developed / development should be modified / development should be reconsidered / should be conserved / AW ;</p>	2	<p>IGNORE refs to relative robustness of habitat 1 ACCEPT 'types of butterfly' as AW for species IGNORE 'individuals' or 'organisms' 2 DO NOT CREDIT ref to 'planning' alone (as given in question) 2 IGNORE responses that imply uncertainty about the development. e.g. 'could' 'might' 'may'</p>																																				

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		species	letter															
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Silver-studded Blue (<i>Plebeius argus</i>)	C ;																	
Small Heath (<i>Coenonympha phamhyllus</i>)	E																	
(c)	(ii)	<p>1 (is) same <u>genus</u> ;</p> <p>2 have, features / characteristics / appearance / behaviour / biochemistry / physiology / anatomy / genes / genetic makeup / DNA, that are, similar / in common ;</p> <p>3 (share a) common, ancestor / phylogeny ;</p>	2 max	<p>1 DO NOT CREDIT vague statements like 'could be in the same genus' IGNORE <i>Coenonympha</i></p> <p>2 IGNORE 'similar' on its own DO NOT CREDIT 'same' IGNORE specific examples (e.g. orange wings / large spot)</p> <p>3 ACCEPT closely related ;</p>														